

# Risk Communication and Ethical Challenges Associated With Autism Spectrum Disorders

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# Why Autism, Risk Communication & Ethics?

- Very few studies and papers examining Risk communication & ethical issues unique to ASDs
  - None in the context of public health
- Historical controversies demand research in this area
  - These controversies have shaped the behavior of all stakeholders, both present day and historic
  - Debates over autism etiology have raged for more than sixty years
  - Recent debates about autism and vaccination have polarized ASD stakeholders and have had a deleterious impact on the public's health



Mothers =

AUTISM

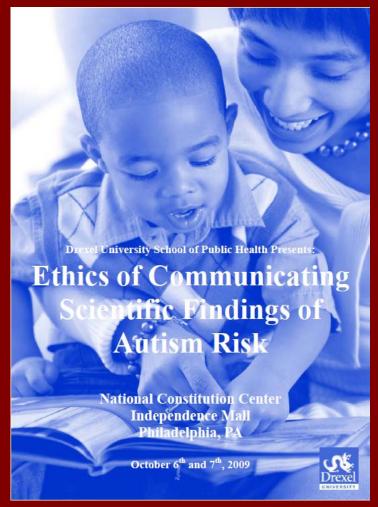




# How Can Risk Communication & Ethics Help us Address the Following?

- Culturally sensitive genetic counseling
- the communication of complex genetic test results and their uncertainty
- communicating potential harms from autism research to parents and patients
- The communication of complex etiologies to diverse stakeholders
- The Discussion of autism in an era of uncertainty and controversy





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## Goals of the Meeting

- Examine the ethical issues involved in ASD research and the dissemination of its findings;
- Bridge the gaps between ethics and research and communication practices by recommending specific guidelines or policy proposals;



### Goals of the Meeting

- Foster discussion between diverse stakeholders to facilitate the responsible dissemination of emerging knowledge to clinicians, genetic counselors, journalists parents, patients and others;
- Develop action areas for autism risk communication and ethics
  - Identify barriers and challenges
  - Propose Recommendations and next steps





#### **Autism in Adults**

Diagnosis; Services; Long-term Quality of Life

#### Recognition

Early detection

# Access to Services

Natural History
Behavioral; Biologic

AUTISM
RESEARCH

Disparities; best-practice; cost-effectiveness

#### Causes

Risk factors (genetic, environmental)

Human studies

#### Treatment/ Intervention

Behavioral; Educational; Pharmacologic; Other



 The Role of Clinicians/Autism Service Providers in Disseminating/Translating Autism Research

 Balancing the Communication of Scientific Advances and Continuing Uncertainty- Strategies for Researchers and the Media

#### Recommendations to Stakeholders

- Acknowledge that scientists and journalists have competing interests
- Work with PR office
- Don't over-interpret findings
- Clearly describe impact of findings
- Get scientists media training
- Special attention to online information
- The problem of inaction: if the wrong story is printed, correct it
- Dissemination of findings is grant-worthy

Considerations for Tailoring Risk
 Communication – Issues for Autism Risk
 Factors

 Disseminating Results on Research Findings to Research Study Participants

# Next Steps

- This is a first step
- Foster community/stakeholder partnerships
  - For dissemination
  - For further research
- Foster more collaborations with academic risk communication scholars
- Archival history research
- Follow-up stakeholder meeting

# Next Steps

• IMFAR, AAHM, APHA

- Publish results of meeting consensus document
  - Academic journals
  - Popular media
  - Stakeholder publications

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